eGovernance implementation – what is important?



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Executive Director, Chairman of the Management Board

About

- Why aims and impact;
- How change management is the issue of coordination and responsibilities;
- What organization, regulations, financing;
- Roles of different stakeholders government, businesses, universities, citizens.



Aims again:

Good governance is about

- smart decisions;
- Efficiency;
- Transparency;
- better life for citizens;
- economic growth.





Using the digital signature effectively we save 1 working week per year

2 % of GDP

Economic Effect

Online versus offline

Service	Time spent on e- service	Time spent on offline service	Time savings (min)
Establishing a company	30	510	480
VAT declaration	7	68	61
Tax declaration	10	78	68
i-Voting	6	44	38
Parliamentary legislation system	7	26	19
Self-Service of the Unemployment Fund	13	37	24
Source: e-Estonia.c			: e-Estonia.com

Balanced e-Governance = Combination of electronic services and participatory services

e-GOVERNMENT e-Services

e-DEMOCRACY e-Participation





Organization *process*



Legal framework

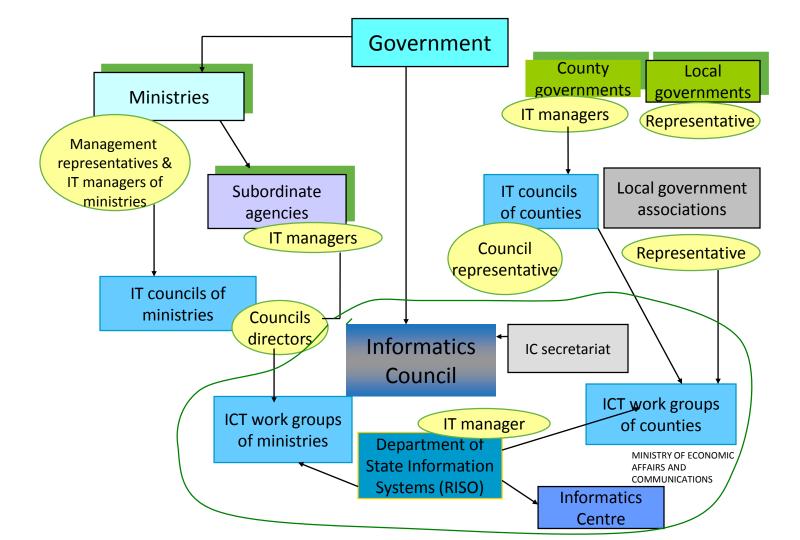


Fiscal framework process



Technical architecture

e-Government Policy / Strategy



Central coordination and IOF management – Different roles

eGovernment Central Coordination Unit:

eGov and Information Society strategy planning and monitoring.

- Collecting and analyzing ICT systems in government;
- eGov budget planning with Ministry of Finances and donors;
- Developing and giving approvals for legal acts related to eGov;
- Preparing eGov strategies and action plans;
- Monitoring Action Plan development;
- Cooperating with CIOs. Trainings for CIOs;
- Planning and coordinating international cooperation on eGov.



Central coordination and IOF management – different roles

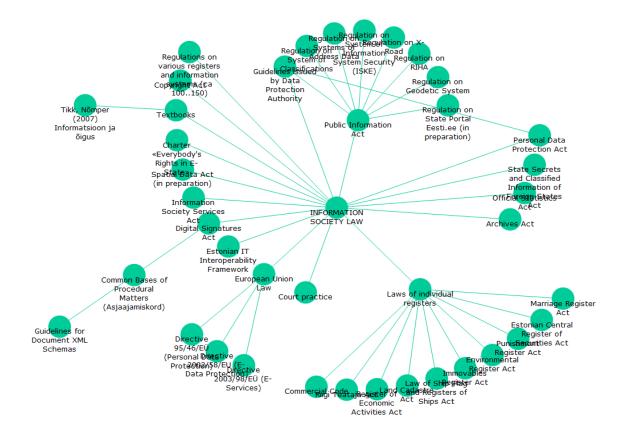
eGovernment Central Implementing Body:

Implementation of eGov interoperability platform.

- Data exchange layer and monitoring
- Portal
- IOP management system metadata
- Infrastructure
 - Network
 - eID
 - CA
 - Mobile and payment gateway
 - Cloud



Legal framework

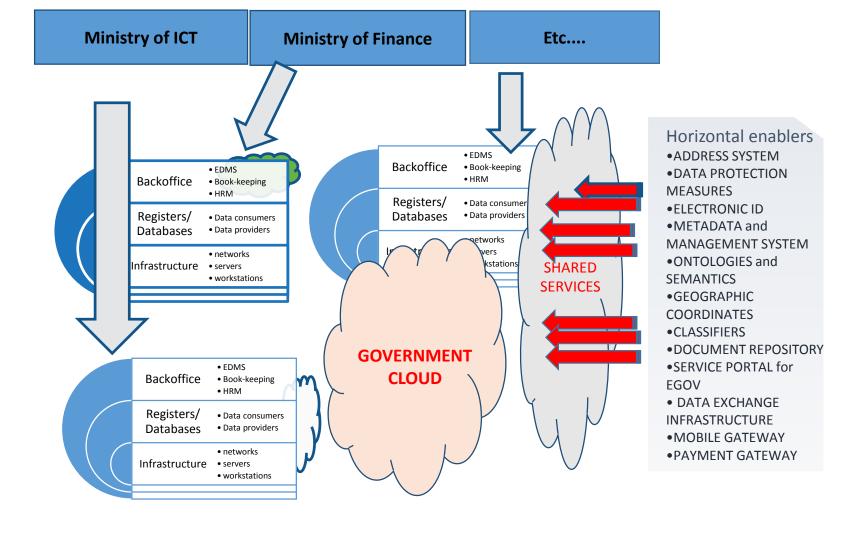


- Technology can not be regulated but relations between people, organizations...right s and responsibilities
- Regulate as minimal as possible. Use existing legal framework and make needed amendments

Legislation

- Databases Act (1997/ 2006)
- Public Information Act (2001)
- Digital Signatures Act (2000)
- Act on Intellectual Property (applicable also for state databases)
- Principles of Estonian Information Policy (1998, 2004)
- Action Plan of Estonian Information Policy (eEstonia) (1998, 1999, 2000, 2001,2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006...)
- Personal Data Protection Act (1996)





System Architecture

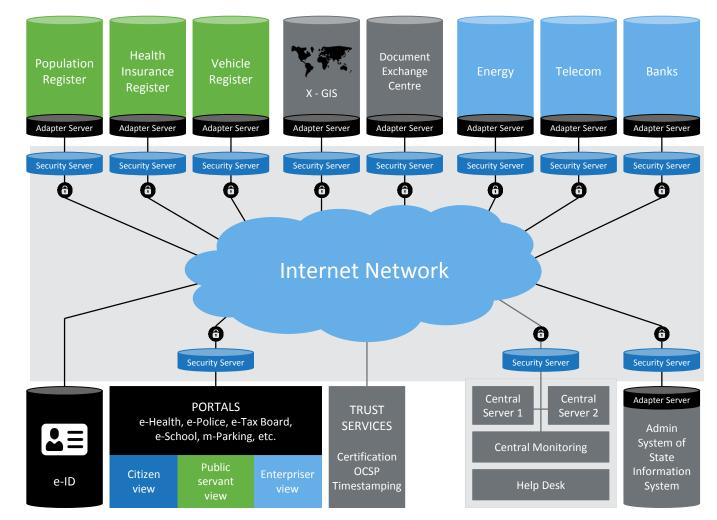
Heterogeneous Unified security environment: Heterogeneous environment: environment: different operating · Confidentiality, integrity, availability and different database systems, authentication non-repudiation in a unified way systems, technologies, and access methods Single protocol and single interface (XML-RPC) protocols and interfaces Citizens database 70 100 Integrated **Adapter** Client Information Security Security **Program** System Server Server Server Oracle Vehicles database 100 7-0 Adapter **Internet** Web Web Portal Security Security **Browser** Server Server Server MS SQL Weapons database Mobile 70 7.0 **Adapter** Access Security Security (WAP, SMS) Server Server Server **Progress** Coordination: Certification, Time-stamping, Secure directory

X-Road

Digital ID







Catalogue of interoperabilty solutions

descriptions

2500 service descriptions

40,000 data objects

650 code lists

over 900 organisational entities

1400 contact persons



Lessons learned

- Main challenge is in organization and planning, not the money or technology
- All knowledge should be in the country can be supported by international experiences
- Local ICT business should be supported by Government. eGov is not academic issue
- Too strong focus on technology and project based actions
- Finance model and motivation is often weak
- eGov methodology might be transferable... not SW or HW
- Impact can be seen in 3-6 years politicians are not motivated
- Driving forces are unclear
 - In Estonia, banks and business sector were driving force

Thank You!

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